

The Topeka State Journal.

10 CENTS A WEEK. NIGHT EDITION. TOPEKA, KANSAS, SATURDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 3, 1894. TWENTY-SECOND YEAR.

A LOSS OF 45,000.

The Vote in Kansas Will Be That Much Short.

According to Both Chairmen Leland and Breidenthal.

COMPLETE ESTIMATES

Given By All the Chairmen.

They Are the Final Figures Before Election Day.

REPUBLICANS 30,000

Plurality, Says Chairman Leland Today.

Breidenthal's Official Populist Plurality is 16,000.

Both Claim the Legislature by Nearly Same Figures.

There will be 45,000 fewer votes cast in Kansas at the election next Tuesday than there were cast at the election in 1892, according to the estimates of the chairmen of the two leading political parties.

Chairman Cyrus Leland of the Republican state central committee and Chairman John W. Breidenthal of the Populist state central committee both agree that the total vote cast at next Tuesday's election will be in the neighborhood of 290,000, while two years ago the vote exceeded 335,000; this means that there will be 45,000 fewer votes cast than two years ago.

The leaders of both parties are confident and express their belief that their party will have an overwhelming victory.

Chairman Cyrus Leland said to a STATE JOURNAL reporter this morning: "I am confident that Major Morrill will be elected and he will have a plurality, I now believe, that will exceed 30,000. Overmyer I think will get 25,000 votes and Pickering's vote I do not believe will exceed 6,000. I have not figured on it, but I think the vote on the suffrage amendment will be very close and my estimate is that the total vote cast will be in the neighborhood of 290,000."

"Major Morrill will run ahead of his ticket, but Blue for congressmen at large will run close with Morrill. We will elect our entire congressional ticket."

"In the First district, Broderick will have from 3,000 to 3,500 majority."

"In the Second district Miller will be elected by a plurality of 5,000 or 6,000."

"In the Third district Kirkpatrick is sure to have 3,000 plurality, while in the Fourth district Curtis will be re-elected by from 3,500 to 4,000."

"In the Fifth district Calderhead will defeat John Davis and will have 1,500 plurality. He will carry every county but one in his district."

"Judge Eli will defeat Baker in the Sixth district and will have 1,500 votes to spare."

"In the Seventh district Chester E. Long is going to beat Jerry Simpson by from 1,500 to 2,000 votes, and Major Morrill will get 4,000 plurality in that district."

"Morrill will carry every county in the First, Second, Fourth and all but one in the Third district, and doing that the Populists can't come anywhere near catching up to our procession."

"We are going to give eighty out of the 125 members of the legislature for representative in about forty-eight districts; during the last five or six days about half a dozen Democratic candidates for representative have withdrawn, but there are still about forty-eight counties in which there will be a three-cornered race, and two years ago there were only thirteen districts in the entire state in which there was not an absolute fusion. We are going to have eighty members of the legislature."

Breidenthal's Estimates.

Chairman Breidenthal of the Populist state central committee has received a late and revised poll from all but about 100 of the 2,000 voting precincts in the state, and he is sure the Populist state ticket will be elected and his party will get the legislature.

To a STATE JOURNAL reporter this morning he said: "The total vote cast at this election will be somewhere near 290,000, and we are going to elect our ticket by a plurality of 16,000. Overmyer, 17,500, and Pickering, 6,500."

"For congressmen at large Harris will be elected, as he will run close with the state ticket. We expect to elect six out of the eight congressmen. In the First district the fight will be very close, with Leavenworth coming to determine the result. If Solomon gets Leavenworth county he will be elected."

"In the Second district, Wyandotte county will tell the story. The fight will be close but Willard ought to get a big majority of the laboring men's votes in Wyandotte county and if he does he will be elected. That is a vote no man can poll. It is like the vote in Shawnee county, no one can tell how the laboring men are going to vote."

"In the Third district there is no question about Hoskin being elected. He will carry every county in the district but one. I do not care to name that one."

"In the Fourth district Shawnee county tells the story. Scott will come up to Shawnee with a plurality of about 2,000, and if this county is as I think it is, he will be elected. The Republicans say they have a poll, but we could have counted the names on the registration

books, too, for that matter. The laboring vote of this county can't be polled."

"In the Fifth district Davis will be elected by an increased majority. He will carry every county in the district except Riley. The Republicans claim the Fifth district and their poll shows a majority for Calderhead of 742 votes, but Davis will be elected."

"Baker will be elected in the Sixth district without a doubt. He will carry seventeen out of the twenty-two counties in the district."

"Jerry Simpson will have an increased majority in the Seventh district, and will have a clear majority in twenty-eight out of the thirty-six counties in the district."

"As far as the legislature is concerned, we will elect seventy-two members. There is no doubt about the election of that number."

"The suffrage amendment will carry and will have a majority of about 25,000 votes."

Chairman Richardson's Estimates.

Chairman Richardson, of the Democratic state central committee, estimates Overmyer's vote at something over 25,000. He says Solomon has a chance of being elected in the First district. Miller will be elected in the Second, Kirkpatrick in the Third, Curtis in the Fourth and the Populists will elect their candidates for congress in the Fifth, Sixth and Seventh districts. He says there is some doubt about the election of congressmen at large. Troutman, he thinks, will run behind his ticket, on account of his prohibition ideas, and Cooke will gain where Troutman loses.

Chairman Richardson thinks there will be from twelve to fifteen members of the next house Democrats will hold the balance of power and will control the election of a United States senator. He says the Populists will get fewer votes than they did two years ago.

Chairman Wharton's Estimates.

Chairman G. G. Wharton of the Prohibition state central committee, who lives at Ottawa and is the publisher of the Kansas Lever, in the last issue of his paper claimed 40,000 votes for the Prohibition state ticket, while Major Pickering, who has made a canvass of the state, says he will not get less than 25,000 votes.

The Legislature.

The most interesting part of this year's election aside from the head of the ticket is the selection of members of the legislature.

There are 125 representative districts in the state and a house to house canvass has been made in every voting precinct in the state in the legislative fight.

The Republicans have renominated 36 members of the Douglas house and the Populists have renominated 20 members of the Dunsmore house.

Chairman Leland claims that eighty members of the next house will be Republicans and Chairman Breidenthal says he absolutely knows that seventy-two of them will be Populists, so that it is clear to be seen one or the other is to be badly disappointed in the result.

In another part of this paper is printed for the first time a list of all the candidates for the legislature whose names have been reported to the state headquarters of the two parties.

KEEPING UP WITH THEM.

Editor Eckert Refutes Populist Statements as Fact as Made.

ARKANSAS CITY, Nov. 3.

To the Editor of the State Journal:

Breidenthal falsified when he told your reporter that the county clerk of Cowley county caused the name of Dr. Newton, the prohibition candidate for congress, to be printed in the election ticket. We handed the copy of our paper to Kirkpatrick and Botkin's names are the only ones turned over to us and printed as candidates for congress. Breidenthal and Little were informed of this fact last Wednesday; they simply publish a falsehood.

T. W. ECKERT.

WASNT INSURANCE.

Superintendent Snider Set Right About That North Topeka Betting.

State Superintendent of Insurance S. H. Snider says the story about the use of the state insurance money for Populist betting purposes was without foundation and in proof of his statement he showed a STATE JOURNAL reporter a certificate of deposit for the \$12,500 insurance money which he deposited in the Bank of Topeka October 27th.

The money is still in the Bank of Topeka and Judge Snider says it will stay there until the legislature authorizes its distribution.

AS TO PASSES.

Breidenthal Collecting Statistics For Political Purposes.

Chairman Breidenthal of the Populist State Central committee, said today that he has instructed his representatives in every precinct in the state to send him a list of the names of all the voters who go home to vote and ride on railroad passes.

He this morning received a long list of names of Republicans who were said to have gone home on passes.

CHAUNCEY DEPEW SPEAKS.

Said He Met Three Presidential Candidates Going Down the Road.

BATAVIA, N. Y., Nov. 3.—Two thousand people gave an enthusiastic greeting to Chauncey M. Depew on his arrival at Batavia today. He spoke from the rear platform of his car for thirteen minutes.

While Mr. Depew was talking a man in the crowd shouted: "Hurrah for the next president," which created laughter, in which Mr. Depew joined.

"As I was coming up the road," said the doctor, "I met three presidential candidates, Hill, Flower and Cushman, going down the road," and then he told of the small crowds to which they had talked and of the eager audiences he had addressed.

Morton's Coachman Gets Off.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 3.—Secretary Carlisle has just rendered a decision directing that the case against Howard, Mr. Morton's coachman be dismissed. This is in accordance with the information exclusively given by the Associated Press yesterday.

The case of Abe Curtis, colored, who burglarized a North Topeka barber shop, was continued in Justice Chesney's court till the 7th.

DAY OF PARADES.

Populists and Republicans Do Their Best.

Populists Make a Very Creditable Showing.

But Republicans Far Outshine Them in Numbers.

THOUSANDS OF PEOPLE

Witness the Parades Along Kansas Avenue.

Four Times as Many Republican Voters in Line

AS PEOPLE'S PARTY.

Republican Demonstration One of the Most Imposing

Ever Seen in Topeka if Not in Kansas.

It was glorious weather for this big political day in Topeka. There were parades all day; a big one by the Populists in the morning and a bigger one by the Republicans in the afternoon.

Crowds were on the street all day to see for themselves what kind of a showing each of the leading parties could make.

The Populist parade which took place on Kansas avenue at noon today was creditable in numbers and appearance.

There were 150 wagons and carriages in line besides the bands, bicyclists, horsemen and footmen.

There were 347 men in the procession at a liberal estimate, who will vote on Tuesday and 154 women who will vote next year—if the amendment carries.

There were a great many boys who waved flags and made a lively appearance.

No attempt was made to have floats of any kind and the banners were few.

Major A. P. Shreve was marshal of the day and rode at the head of the procession with Police Commissioner L. T. Young, who commanded the first division. Jackson's Military band came next, when in an open carriage were S. S. King of Kansas City, Walter N. Allen, S. H. Snider and John H. Crosby of Kansas City who were the speakers of the day. The next carriages were labeled "Our Next Representatives," and contained J. J. Schenck, R. J. Sloat and two other men who are not even candidates. The executive committee of the Populist league occupied the next wagon, and after numerous barges came fifteen bicyclists. The seven men who followed them on foot were members of the Populist county central committee.

Major J. E. Anderson commanded the second division and Bailey's band led. The Woman's Progressive Political league occupied three vehicles. The first was the large old bus, "Shawnee," filled with women and the top crowded with boys with their tin horns and flags.

The next was the old trolley coach with the same kind of a load. The women carried a banner which read, "Justice, not Chivalry." Twenty men in a large express wagon came next and they were followed by a crowd of boys on foot.

The third division was commanded by E. S. Hunter, Dr. McCawley and D. I. Furbeck, the Populist candidate for lieutenant governor, rode at the head of the division, and the asylum band of fourteen pieces followed. An express wagon filled with men was labeled, "Pops Are Not All Dead," and a man in a buggy carried a banner which said, "Come Off the Fence, but Keep Off the Grass."

The alleged extract from Morrill's Emporia speech, which has since been discredited, then appeared on the side of a wagon.

The procession marched to Tenth, then west and then made the circuit of the state house grounds and disbanded.

The afternoon Populist meeting was held at the south steps of the state house. Walter N. Allen presided, and when he called the meeting to order he said:

"The result of this election in Kansas will be far reaching in its effects. If the Populists win in this state on Tuesday next it means the death of the Republican party. But on the contrary, if the Republicans should win it means the ruin of the Democratic party, and the way Kansas goes in 1894, so goes the Union and the presidency of 1896. Cleveland knows this and Senator Martin understands it."

"I congratulate you on the nearness to the close of this remarkable campaign. We have fought the good fight for popular rights and success will crown our efforts."

He introduced S. S. King, police judge of Kansas City, who made the principal speech.

The Republican Parade.

Topeka seldom sees any thing in the way of a political demonstration which equals that of this afternoon. The procession started from Second street shortly after 2 o'clock. There were more voters in the first division of the procession than in the entire Populist demonstration this morning. In the first division there were 421 voters and 157 women. There were 147 wagons. In the entire procession there were 1,249 voters.

The first division was in command of A. J. Kane and comprised Republicans from North Topeka and the townships north of the river. A delegation of 60 bicyclists led the procession and were followed by Marshall's band. Then came a crowd of footmen and the most laughable feature of the parade came next.

A man disguised to look like Senator John Martin stood with one foot upon a dilapidated looking mule and the other upon a horse of the same type. They were fastened together and each was placarded with the following words: "United States Senate or Bust. Fusion—No pride of ancestry or hope of posterity." A bull hitched to a cart driven by a colored man followed.

A farm wagon carried the following banner: "Redeem the commonwealth in 1894 from the blight of Populism and Kansas will again stand foremost among the states of the union and a prosperous people will laugh at calamity's woes."

Several men were on a wagon with a wind from which they ground out the following bills and scattered them among the crowd:

\$1,000 FIAT MONEY. \$1,000 THIS IS ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS GO PAY YOUR GROCER. \$1,000

Among the banners carried was one inscribed "Redeem the Commonwealth 1894."

A funny make-up was a broken down carriage with an old fashioned top and an extra wheel tied on behind. It was labeled "Populist Charlie." The driver was marked "Chairman Breidenthal."

Another banner read "Pop Boodlers." Another banner read: "If Populist Redeemers can scandalize the state and all its institutions in two years where in hades would Kansas be under another term of Pop administration. Redeem Kansas."

On one of the floats stood a much battered and sorry looking man turning a crank that also turned a wheel that had arms on it like an old-fashioned windmill. To its arms were tied boots and shoes of all sizes. On his banner were the words: "I voted for Lewelling in 1892, and have been kicking myself ever since."

There was a group of "Populist politicians" on one of the floats, and they were a sorry, shiftless looking lot, whittling a dry goods box and spitting tobacco juice.

A very dilapidated looking man in a very dilapidated cart driving a little mule was "Governor Lewelling going back to Wichita after election. Eggs and butter for sale. Money to loan at 3 per cent a month."

There was one wagon that was surrounded entirely with tin, on the side of it was the inscription "American tin—of '92, now there is nothing to do."

Jackson's band led the second division. There was a big banner in one of the wagons with a volume of reading matter on it that foretold a great victory for Charley Curtis, the "Black Eagle of the Kax."

The high school cadets had their yell with them. So did the big division of Washburn students.

The "Rump House" was there. It was a float in which Dunsmore stood pounding the dry goods box desk with a big mallet and dressed in an outrageous costume. Behind the wagon were twenty tramp legislators with documents in their hands all trying to get the attention of the speaker. On the side of the wagon was the question "Can Lewelling recognize this," and on the end of the wagon was the label "Bald Hornet of the Neosho."

The high school cadets carried a banner and a boy dressed as an old lady was making "What to You?"

The Washburn college boys carried a banner which read, "Washburn for Curtis. He Liked the Pops in '92."

"Why the Pop Commissioners Didn't Want the Washburn Boys to Register."

The Flambeau Club.

The fourth division was made up of the Flambeau club in the county. They were headed by the Topeka Flambeau club drum corps. The Topeka Flambeau club came next in command of Will Eberly with 50 men in line. The Mission Center club mounted and commanded by Captain P. Heil turned out with 75 men. Charles Cunningham was in command of 35 members of the First Ward Colored Flambeau club and 35 members of the First Ward White Flambeau club. The Wakarusa club was out with 24 members commanded by W. E. Banks. The Third ward colored club of thirty-two members, commanded by F. W. Paskell, and the Fifth ward club of sixteen men, commanded by Wesley Hale, were last.

The Republicans will give a flambeau parade and exhibition of fireworks to night.

QUICK TO GET MAD.

A Lexow Witness Makes Some Excitement Before the Committee.

NEW YORK, Nov. 3.—Mrs. Hermann resumed the witness chair before the Lexow committee today. At the outset she made this voluntary statement:

"I am not afraid of Judge Hogan or Recorder Smythe. I see in the morning papers they deny what I said. I can prove that what I said is true and I can tell lots more."

"Lots more?" repeated Mr. Goff.

"They have threatened to indict me for what I have said. I am not afraid of Judge Hogan." Here the woman became intensely excited and pointed out Policeman Peterman who sat near the railing. She shrieked: "You're a thief. How dare you sit there looking at me so I took money from my sister?"

The witness half rose and trembling with emotion continued: "You are the man, you and another policeman—who ruined my niece, who was once a good girl. The police ought to be ashamed—ashamed."

This caused great excitement. When it had subsided McGoff asked the witness: "Was Capt. Ryan, who is present in court, one of the men who met you at midnight and told you to leave town?"

"I don't know. The man who first came to me said Captain Ryan had contributed to the fund."

"Now, is there anything else you would like to tell?"

"Oh, Mr. Goff, it would take me a week to tell everything. I was not going to say much, but I am a French woman and quick to get mad. Senator Daly in Jersey City begged me not to come over here until after election, saying the Lexow committee would be powerless then."

INGALLS ON THE ELECTIONS

Success of the Republican Ticket in Kansas Assured.

In forecasting the probable result of next Tuesday's election in Kansas, ex-Senator Ingalls, in a letter in the North Topeka Mail, says:

"Political predictions, especially in Kansas, are apt to be premature. It is difficult to foretell what will happen till it has occurred, so that it is much more satisfactory to prophesy after the event has taken place. Politics is not one of the exact sciences. It has no formulas nor demonstrations. In every campaign there are unknown forces that elude the poll taker and upset the calculations of the village statesman."

"The philosopher who said that figures do not lie could not have been familiar with the mathematics of campaign committees, which seldom tell the truth, and my faith in Republican success does not depend on statistics of population, nor estimates of majorities. It springs rather from confidence in the conscience, patriotism and intelligence of the people, who have given convincing proof of the capacity for self government and their attachment to American institutions."

"Populism would drag every one to the level of the lowest. Republicanism would lift every one to the level of the highest."

"Populism is despair; Republicanism is hope. Populism is a sigh and a groan; Republicanism is a smile and a hurrah. Populism regards this government as the worst on earth; Republicanism believes it is the best. Populism represents all the dangerous tendencies, the pernicious remedies, the exploded theories and abandoned experiments of modern society. Republicanism offers an established system of American policy, based upon the supremacy of American manufactures, commerce, mining and agriculture, tested by the unexampled progress and prosperity of a quarter of a century—it stands for the country, for the flag, for the home, for equal opportunities and just laws, for individual liberty and the sovereignty of the people. Populism and Democracy have been weighed and found wanting. The history of the past two years in Kansas and the nation is a record of imbecility, incapacity, disloyalty, perfidy and dishonesty, at home and abroad, which has fatigued public indignation. And this is why I believe Kansas will fall into line with Maine and Vermont, and repudiate the alien and polluted rabble of harpies and adventurers that have defiled our recent annals. We know when we have had enough."

HARRISON BACK HOME.

He is Met All Along the Line by Large Crowds.

MUNCIE, Ind., Nov. 3.—As the Big Four limited which brought Gen. Harrison back to Indiana today crossed the state line at Union City it was met and surrounded by a majority of the population of that line city.

A crowd at Winchester where the train made a stop waited a speech, but there was only time for the ex-president to bow his thanks.

At Muncie a committee of citizens met Mr. Harrison and escorted him to a stand erected in the court house square. At least 5,000 enthusiastic people assembled, saluted the ex-president with a great cheer. He spoke about twenty minutes.

From Muncie, the party was taken by separate train to Newcastle.

DEMOCRATS BOLT HILL.

Home Rule Democrats of Western New York Issue a Manifesto Against Him.

BUFFALO, Nov. 3.—The home rule Democrats of Buffalo and western New York have issued a manifesto calling on all Democrats who are in favor of honest politics and good government to vote against Senator Hill. The manifesto reviews the Hill's career in the state and in the senate.

It is signed by a large number of prominent Democrats, the signers being men who have heretofore led in the fight in the Democratic party against Lieutenant Governor Sheehan.

ROBERTS LOCATED.

The "Bad Man From Cripple Creek" Hails From South Center.

Chairman Cyrus Leland of the Republican state central committee, said to a STATE JOURNAL reporter, this afternoon, that he had just received a dispatch from a member of the committee at Lebanon, Smith county, informing him that Mr. J. A. Roberts, the man who was here talking about betting \$10,000 on Lewelling's election, lives at Lebanon, and that he has no means.

SNOW IN MINNESOTA.

A Fall of Several Inches Reported at Duluth and Still Snowing.

DULUTH, Minn., Nov. 3.—A heavy snow storm set in here this morning and several inches fell within a few hours. It is general in this region but will not interfere with traffic unless it should continue for many hours.

Langtry, Carnegie and Talmage.

NEW YORK, Nov. 3.—Among the passengers who arrived today on board the steamer Paris were Rev. T. Dewitt Talmage, Andrew Carnegie, Mrs. Langtry and her English dramatic company and Sidney Webster.

The Iowa State Band.

ST. JOE, Nov. 3.—[Special telegram to the Evening JOURNAL.]—Iowa State band played to a very enthusiastic audience here tonight, being repeatedly encored and giving as much satisfaction as the famous and lamented Gilmore's. I can fully recommend them to the music loving people of Topeka.

L. M. CRAWFORD.

Proprietor of the London Times Dead.

LONDON, Nov. 3.—John Walter, chief proprietor of the London Times is dead. Mr. Walter was born in 1811 and has been a member of parliament. His grandfather published the first number of the Times on January 1, 1788.

Reichsberg Will Meet Dec. 5.

BERLIN, Nov. 3.—The Reichsbergzeitung this afternoon published a decree postponing the opening of the reichstag until December 5.

CLEVELAND GAVE \$500.

He Contributed That Much to the New York Campaign Fund.

NEW YORK, Nov. 3.—Political headquarters here have already taken on an appearance that betokens the close of the campaign. Most of the committees have gone to their homes. At the rooms of the Democratic candidate it was stated that the work was practically finished. Major Hunkley has confirmed the rumor that President Cleveland contributed \$500 to the Democratic campaign fund.

Leaders of both parties are much exercised today over Attorney General Hancock's decision rendered yesterday that none save physically disabled suffragists can be rendered assistance inside in the election booths in the preparation of their ballots. It is said that this decision will cost both parties the votes of many thousands of illiterate persons.

Mr. Thatcher, manager of the Democratic campaign, said today that he is confident that Hill will be elected governor by not less than 18,000 plurality.

Mr. Hackett, chairman of the Republican campaign, thought the plurality of Morton should be at least 50,000.

Very little betting on the election was done at the stock exchange today. One offer was made to wager \$10,000 on Morton to \$4,000 on Hill, but as the brokers apparently had not the money to put up the proposition was not accepted.

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